



Table 3: Captive Constrictor Snake Related Human Fatalities in the USA by the Type of the Snake: 1990 - 2008

YEAR STATE	2008	2006	2002	2001	1999	1996	1993
CO			Owner, Burmese python				Owner's brother Burmese python
IL					Owner's son, African rock python		
IN		Owner, Reticulated python					
NY						Owner, Burmese python	
OH		Owner, Burmese Python*					
PA				Owner's daughter, Burmese python			
VA	Owner, Reticulated python						

**Some news erroneously identified the snake in the Ohio 2006 incident as Boa constrictor. REXANO statistics only go thru 2008. Furthermore, the 2009 Florida Burmese python supposedly killing a toddler case is still under investigation*

Table 4: US Captive Constrictor Snake Related Human Fatalities by Type of the Snake and Percentage: 1990 – 2008

TYPE OF SNAKE	AFRICAN ROCK PYTHON	BURMESE PYTHON*	RETICULATED PYTHON	TOTAL
HUMAN DEATHS	1	5*	2	8
PERCENT OF TOTAL	12.5 %	62.5 %	25 %	100 %

**The larger number of Burmese pythons related fatalities doesn't mean that Burmese pythons are more dangerous than other large constricting snakes. More people likely keep and interact with captive Burmese pythons in the USA than with other large constrictors.*



Table 5: US Constrictor Snake Related Human Fatalities 1990 – 2008

YEAR/ STATE	RELATIONSHIP TO SNAKE	COMMENTS
2008 - VA	Woman/owner was killed by her Reticulated python while she was trying to give the 13-foot pet snake medication	Voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, no risk to uninvolved public
2006 – IN	Man/owner was crushed to death by his 14 foot pet Reticulated python	Voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, no risk to uninvolved public
2006 - OH	Man/owner was killed when his 13-foot Burmese python who wrapped itself around his neck	Voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, no risk to uninvolved public
2002 - CO	Man/owner died when his pet Burmese python strangled him by coiling around his head, neck and chest and squeezed him to death	Voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, no risk to uninvolved public
2001 – PA	Owners' 8-year-old daughter was squeezed to death by the family's 11-foot Burmese python. Her father was later found not guilty of involuntary manslaughter, but guilty of endangering the girl's welfare	Parents should always be held responsible. Death by a snake shouldn't be treated any differently than accidental death involving other activities. No risk to uninvolved public
1999 – IL	Owners' 3-year-old son was crushed to death after the family's 7 - foot African rock python got out of its cage (possibly through 2-inch gap in the aquarium's homemade wood lid) as the family slept. Judge issued a directed verdict -- innocent of child endangerment -just before attorneys were scheduled to begin closing arguments. The couple could have faced 10 years in prison. Supposedly, prosecutors had not presented enough evidence to even justify sending the matter to the jury.	Parents should always be held responsible. Death by a snake shouldn't be treated any differently than accidental death involving other activities. No risk to uninvolved public
1996 – NY	Man/owner, 19, was killed by his 13-foot Burmese python who might have possibly mistaken him for food	Voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, no risk to uninvolved public
1993 – CO	Boy, 15, had his torso crushed by his older brother's 11 1/2-foot pet Burmese python, and died from asphyxiation due to mechanical compression of the chest	Parents should always be held responsible. Death by a snake shouldn't be treated any differently than accidental death involving other activities. No risk to uninvolved public

CONCLUSION:

None of these deaths were the result of the constrictor (non – venomous) snakes being unsupervised off the private owners' property. Instead, all victims were voluntarily on the property where the animal was kept, be it owner(s) or family members.

Since 1990, there is no record of a member of the general public in the USA dying as a result of a constrictor snake. Captive keeping of large constrictors might be a slight voluntarily accepted hobby/occupational hazard, but it is NOT a public safety issue.

We found no US human fatalities caused by captive boa constrictors in the recent history.