



## 96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB4801

by Rep. Daniel J. Burke

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 585/0.1

from Ch. 8, par. 240

720 ILCS 585/1

from Ch. 8, par. 241

Amends the Illinois Dangerous Animals Act. Prohibits a person from having a right of property in, keeping, harboring, caring for, acting as custodian of or maintaining in his or her possession any primate, except at a properly maintained zoological park, federally licensed exhibit, circus, college or university, scientific institution, research laboratory, veterinary hospital, hound running area, or animal refuge in an escape-proof enclosure. Provides that this provision does not prohibit a person who had lawful possession of a primate before January 1, 2011, from continuing to possess that primate if the person registers the animal by providing written notification to the local animal control administrator on or before April 1, 2011. Provides for other notification requirements.

LRB096 14985 RLC 30056 b

CORRECTIONAL  
BUDGET AND  
IMPACT NOTE ACT  
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Dangerous Animals Act is amended by  
5 changing Sections 0.1 and 1 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 585/0.1) (from Ch. 8, par. 240)

7 Sec. 0.1. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the  
8 context otherwise requires:

9 "Dangerous animal" means a lion, tiger, leopard, ocelot,  
10 jaguar, cheetah, margay, mountain lion, lynx, bobcat,  
11 jaguarundi, bear, hyena, wolf or coyote, or any poisonous or  
12 life-threatening reptile.

13 "Owner" means any person who (a) has a right of property in  
14 a dangerous animal or primate, (b) keeps or harbors a dangerous  
15 animal or primate, (c) has a dangerous animal or primate in his  
16 care, or (d) acts as custodian of a dangerous animal or  
17 primate.

18 "Person" means any individual, firm, association,  
19 partnership, corporation, or other legal entity, any public or  
20 private institution, the State of Illinois, or any municipal  
21 corporation or political subdivision of the State.

22 "Primate" means a nonhuman member of the order primate,  
23 including but not limited to chimpanzee, gorilla, orangutan,

1 bonobo, gibbon, monkey, lemur, loris, aye-aye, and tarsier.

2 (Source: P.A. 84-28.)

3 (720 ILCS 585/1) (from Ch. 8, par. 241)

4 Sec. 1. Dangerous animals and primates; prohibitions.

5 (a) No person shall have a right of property in, keep,  
6 harbor, care for, act as custodian of or maintain in his  
7 possession any dangerous animal or primate except at a properly  
8 maintained zoological park, federally licensed exhibit,  
9 circus, college or university, scientific ~~or educational~~  
10 institution, research laboratory, veterinary hospital, hound  
11 running area, or animal refuge in an escape-proof enclosure.

12 (b) This Section does not prohibit a person who had lawful  
13 possession of a primate before January 1, 2011, from continuing  
14 to possess that primate if the person registers the animal by  
15 providing written notification to the local animal control  
16 administrator on or before April 1, 2011. The notification  
17 shall include:

18 (1) the person's name, address, and telephone number;

19 and

20 (2) the type of primate, the age, a photograph, a  
21 description of any tattoo, microchip, or other identifying  
22 information, and a list of current inoculations.

23 (c) A person who registers a primate shall notify the local  
24 animal control administrator within 30 days of a change of  
25 address. If the person moves to another locality within the

1 State, the person shall register the primate with the new local  
2 animal control administrator within 30 days of moving by  
3 providing written notification as provided in subsection (b)  
4 and shall include proof of the prior registration.

5 (d) A person who registers a primate shall notify the local  
6 animal control administrator immediately if the primate dies,  
7 escapes, or bites, scratches, or injures a person.

8 (Source: P.A. 95-196, eff. 1-1-08.)