As Passed by the House

127th General Assembly Regular Session 2007-2008

Sub. H. B. No. 71

Representative White

Cosponsors: Representatives McGregor, J., Setzer, Brown, Hagan, J., Seitz, Wagoner, Wolpert, Aslanides, Distel, Batchelder, Blessing, Boyd, Chandler, Coley, Domenick, Evans, Flowers, Foley, Hagan, R., Hite, Hottinger, Hughes, Letson, Luckie, Mallory, Otterman, Schneider, Stebelton, Stewart, D., Webster, Williams, S., Yuko

ABILL

Го	amend sections 955.28 and 959.16, to enact new	1
	section 959.132 and section 959.161, and to repeal	2
	section 959.132 of the Revised Code to provide for	3
	the seizure, impoundment, and disposition of	4
	roosters involved in cockfighting and dogs	5
	involved in dogfighting; to revise requirements	6
	and procedures governing the seizure, impoundment,	7
	and disposition of companion animals that are the	8
	subject of abuse or neglect; and to clarify that	9
	the authority conferred upon a person to kill an	10
	attacking dog does not include the authority to	11
	kill a police dog.	12
		13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

S	ec	tior	1.	That	section	ıs 95	55.28	and	d 95	59.16	be	ameno	led	and	new	14
sectio	n	959.	.132	and	section	959.	161	of t	the	Revi	sed	Code	be	enac	ted	15
to rea	ıd	as f	follo	ows:												16

Sec. 955.28. (A) Subject to divisions (A)(2) and (3) of	17
section 955.261 of the Revised Code, a dog that is chasing or	18
approaching in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack,	19
that attempts to bite or otherwise endanger, or that kills or	20
injures a person or a dog that chases, injures, or kills	21
livestock, poultry, other domestic animal, or other animal, that	22
is the property of another person, except a cat or another dog	23
other than a police dog as defined in section 2921.321 of the	24
Revised Code, can be killed at the time of that chasing,	25
approaching, attempt, killing, or injury. If, in attempting to	26
kill such a dog, a person wounds it, he the person is not liable	27
to prosecution under the penal laws which that punish cruelty to	28
animals.	29
(B) The owner, keeper, or harborer of a dog is liable in	30
damages for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that	31
is caused by the dog, unless the injury, death, or loss was caused	32
to the person or property of an individual who, at the time, was	33
committing or attempting to commit a trespass or other criminal	34
offense on the property of the owner, keeper, or harborer, or was	35
committing or attempting to commit a criminal offense against any	36
person, or was teasing, tormenting, or abusing the dog on the	37
owner's, keeper's, or harborer's property.	38
Sec. 959.132. (A) As used in this section:	39
(1) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section	40
959.131 of the Revised Code.	41
(2) "Impounding agency" means a county humane society	42
organized under section 1717.05 of the Revised Code, an animal	43
shelter, or a law enforcement agency that has impounded a	44
companion animal in accordance with this section.	45
(3) "Offense" means a violation of section 959.131 of the	46

Revised Code or an attempt, in violation of section 2923.02 of the	47
Revised Code, to violate section 959.131 of the Revised Code.	48
(4) "Officer" means any law enforcement officer, agent of a	49
county humane society, or other person appointed to act as an	50
animal control officer for a municipal corporation, or township in	51
accordance with state law, an ordinance, or a resolution.	52
(B) An officer may seize and cause to be impounded at an	53
impounding agency a companion animal that the officer has	54
reasonable cause to believe is the subject of an offense. No	55
officer or impounding agency shall impound a companion animal that	56
is the subject of an offense in a shelter owned, operated, or	57
controlled by a board of county commissioners pursuant to Chapter	58
955. of the Revised Code unless the board, by resolution,	59
authorizes the impoundment of such a companion animal in a shelter	60
owned, operated, or controlled by that board and has executed, in	61
the case when the officer is other than a dog warden or assistant	62
dog warden, a contract specifying the terms and conditions of the	63
impoundment.	64
(C) The officer shall give written notice of the seizure and	65
impoundment by posting the notice on the door of the residence or	66
in another conspicuous place on the premises at which a companion	67
animal was seized or by giving it in person to the owner, keeper,	68
or harborer of the companion animal. The notice shall include	69
information concerning the opportunity to post a bond or cash	70
deposit under division (E) of this section not later than ten days	71
after the notice is provided in order to prevent disposition of	72
the companion animal by the impounding agency and the opportunity	73
to request a hearing under division (F) of this section not later	74
than ten days after the notice is provided.	75
(D) A companion animal that is seized under this section may	76
be humanely destroyed immediately or at any time during	77
impoundment if a licensed veterinarian determines it to be	78

necessary because the companion animal is suffering.	79
(E) The owner of an impounded companion animal may post, not	80
later than ten days after the notice of seizure and impoundment is	81
provided, a bond or cash deposit with the court in an amount that	82
the court, in consultation with the impounding agency, determines	83
is sufficient to provide for the companion animal's care and	84
keeping for not less than thirty days beginning on the date on	85
which the companion animal was impounded. The owner may renew a	86
bond or cash deposit by posting, not later than ten days following	87
the expiration of the period for which a previous bond or cash	88
deposit was posted, a new bond or cash deposit in an amount that	89
the court, in consultation with the impounding agency, determines	90
is sufficient to provide for the companion animal's care and	91
keeping for not less than thirty days beginning on the date on	92
which the previous period expired. If no bond or cash deposit is	93
posted or if a bond or cash deposit expires and is not renewed,	94
the impounding agency may determine the disposition of the	95
companion animal unless the court issues an order that specifies	96
otherwise.	97
(F)(1) The owner of a companion animal that has been seized	98
and impounded pursuant to this section may file, not later than	99
ten days after the notice of seizure and impoundment is provided,	100
a motion requesting a hearing with the clerk of the court in which	101
charges are pending that were filed under section 959.131 of the	102
Revised Code or under section 2923.02 of the Revised Code as it	103
applies to that section and that involve the impounded companion	104
animal. Upon receipt of such a request, the court shall hold a	105
hearing within ten days or at the next available court date to	106
determine whether probable cause exists to believe that a	107
violation of the applicable section occurred.	108
(2) If the court determines that probable cause does not	109
exist, the court immediately shall order the impounding agency to	110

return the companion animal to its owner if possible and to return	111
the entire amount of any bond or cash deposit posted under	112
division (E) of this section. If the companion animal cannot be	113
returned, the court shall order the impounding agency to pay the	114
owner an amount determined by the court to be equal to the	115
reasonable market value of the companion animal at the time that	116
it was impounded plus statutory interest as defined in section	117
1343.03 of the Revised Code from the date of the impoundment. The	118
requirements established in division (F)(2) of this section	119
regarding the return of a bond or cash deposit and the payment of	120
the reasonable market value of the companion animal shall not	121
apply in the case of a dog that, in violation of section 955.01 of	122
the Revised Code, was not registered at the time it was seized and	123
impounded.	124
(3) If the court determines that probable cause exists to	125
believe that a violation occurred, the case shall continue and,	126
unless the companion animal's owner has posted a current bond or	127
cash deposit, the impounding agency may arrange for the	128
disposition of the companion animal.	129
(G) If a person is convicted of committing an offense, the	130
court may impose the following additional penalties against the	131
person:	132
(1) A requirement that the person pay for the costs incurred	133
by the impounding agency in caring for a companion animal involved	134
in the applicable offense, provided that the costs were incurred	135
during the companion animal's impoundment and have not been	136
covered by a bond or cash deposit posted under this section;	137
(2) An order permanently terminating the person's right to	138
possession, title, custody, or care of the companion animal that	139
was involved in the offense. If the court issues such an order,	140
the court shall order the disposition of the companion animal.	141

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(H) If a person is found not guilty of committing an offense,	142
the court immediately shall order the impounding agency to return	143
the companion animal to its owner if possible and to return the	144
entire amount of any bond or cash deposit posted under division	145
(E) of this section. If the companion animal cannot be returned,	146
the court shall order the impounding agency to pay the owner an	147
amount determined by the court to be equal to the reasonable	148
market value of the companion animal at the time that it was	149
impounded plus statutory interest as defined in section 1343.03 of	150
the Revised Code from the date of the impoundment. The	151
requirements established in this division regarding the return of	152
a bond or cash deposit and the payment of the reasonable market	153
value of the companion animal shall not apply in the case of a dog	154
that, in violation of section 955.01 of the Revised Code, was not	155
registered at the time it was seized and impounded.	156
Sec. 959.16. (A) No person shall knowingly do any of the	157
following:	158
(1) Promote, engage in, or be employed at dogfighting;	159
(2) Receive money or anything else of value for the admission	160
of another person to a dogfighting event or a place kept for	161
dogfighting;	162
(3) Sell, purchase, possess, or train a dog for dogfighting;	163
(4) Use, train, or possess a dog for seizing, detaining, or	164
maltreating a domestic animal;	165
(5) Purchase a ticket of <u>Pay money or give anything else of</u>	166
value in exchange for admission to or be present at a dogfight;	167
(6) Witness a dogfight if it is presented as a public	168
spectacle.	169
(B) The department of agriculture may investigate complaints	170

and follow up rumors of dogfighting activities and may report any

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information so gathered to an appropriate prosecutor or law	172
enforcement agency.	173
(C) Any peace officer, as defined in section 2935.01 of the	174
Revised Code, shall confiscate any dogs that have been, are, or	175
are intended to be used in dogfighting and any equipment or	176
devices used in training such dogs <u>that have been, are, or are</u>	177
intended to be used in dogfighting and any equipment or devices	178
used as part of dogfights. The seizure and impoundment of such	179
dogs shall be conducted in accordance with section 959.161 of the	180
Revised Code.	181
Sec. 959.161. (A) As used in this section:	182
(1) "Fighting animal" means either of the following:	183
(a) A rooster that a peace officer has reasonable cause to	184
believe has been, is, or is intended to be used in cockfighting in	185
violation of section 959.15 of the Revised Code;	186
(b) A dog that a peace officer has reasonable cause to	187
believe has been, is, or is intended to be used in dogfighting in	188
violation of section 959.16 of the Revised Code.	189
(2) "Impounding entity" means the entity that has possession	190
of an impounded fighting animal during its impoundment.	191
(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	192
2935.01 of the Revised Code.	193
(4) "Violation" means a violation of section 959.15 of the	194
Revised Code involving cockfighting, a violation of section 959.16	195
of the Revised Code, or an attempt, in violation of section	196
2923.02 of the Revised Code, to violate either of those	197
provisions.	198
(B) A peace officer may seize and cause to be impounded with	199
an impounding entity a fighting animal that the peace officer has	200
reasonable cause to believe is involved in a violation	201

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